

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

## 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** 

## SUBSTRATE BONDER - PART A (ISO)

SUBSTRATE BONDER

## 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Uses ADHESIVE • BONDING AGENT • TWO COMPONENT PACK

## 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	CDK STONE PTY LTD
Address	4 - 6 Freighter Rd, Moorabbin, VIC, 3189, AUSTRALIA
Telephone	(03) 8552 6000
Fax	(03) 8552 6001
Email	help@cdkstone.com.au
Website	http://www.cdkstone.com.au

## 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

Emergency

13 11 26

# 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

## 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

## **Physical Hazards**

Not classified as a Physical Hazard

## Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 2 Skin Sensitisation: Category 1 Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 2A Acute Toxicity: Inhalation: Category 3 Respiratory Sensitisation: Category 1 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Respiratory Irritation) Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Narcotic Effects) Carcinogenicity: Category 2 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Category 1

## **Environmental Hazards**

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

## 2.2 GHS Label elements

Signal word DANGER







Hazard statements	
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H351	Suspected of causing cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Prevention statements	
P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P202	Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P264	Wash thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P284	Wear respiratory protection.
Response statements	
P302 + P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304 + P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P305 + P351 + P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P311	Call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.
P321	Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.
P362 + P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage statements	
P403 + P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
Dianopal statements	
Disposal statements	
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations.

## 2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

# 3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content (w/w)
DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE (MDI)	101-68-8	202-966-0	20 to <50%
ADDITIVE(S)	-	-	Remainder

# 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

## 4.1 Description of first aid measures

Еуе	If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.
Skin	If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.
Ingestion	For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Rinse mouth with water.
First aid facilities	Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.

## 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause sensitisation by inhalation and skin contact. Individuals with pre-existing respiratory impairment (eg asthmatics) or known sensitivities to isocyanates should avoid exposure.

# ChemAlert.

## 4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

## 5.1 Extinguishing media

Dry agent, carbon dioxide or foam. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways. Do not use water jets.

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Combustible. May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, isocyanates, cyanides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

## 5.3 Advice for firefighters

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

#### 5.4 Hazchem code

2XE

- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- X Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Contain spill and run-off.
- E Evacuation of people in and around the immediate vicinity of the incident should be considered.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

#### 6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with non-combustible absorbent material (vermiculite, sand, or similar), collect and place in suitable containers for disposal. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

# 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

## 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation and fire protection systems.

#### 7.3 Specific end uses

No information provided.

# 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

## 8.1 Control parameters

#### Exposure standards

Ingredient	Reference	TWA		STEL	
ingredient	Kelefence		mg/m³	ppm	mg/m³
Isocyanates, (pol-) (as-NCO)	SWA [Proposed]		0.0001		
Isocyanates, all (as-NCO)	SWA [AUS]		0.02		0.07



#### **Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls

Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.

#### PPE

Eye / Face	Wear splash-proof goggles.
Hands	Wear rubber or butyl or nitrile or Viton® gloves.
Body	Wear coveralls. If spraying, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas, wear impervious coveralls.
Respiratory	Wear a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator. If sanding dry product, wear a Class P1 (Particulate) respirator.
	If spraving, with prolonged use, or if in confined areas, wear an Air-line respirator.



# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	PALE YELLOW LIQUID
Odour	CHARACTERISTIC ODOUR
Flammability	CLASS C2 COMBUSTIBLE
Flash point	> 93°C
Boiling point	> 35°C
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT AVAILABLE
рН	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Relative density	NOT AVAILABLE
Solubility (water)	NOT AVAILABLE
Vapour pressure	NOT AVAILABLE
Upper explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Lower explosion limit	NOT AVAILABLE
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE

# **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

## 10.1 Reactivity

Carefully review all information provided in sections 10.2 to 10.6.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

May polymerise on contact with water or other materials that react with isocyanates.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid exposure to moisture.

## 10.5 Incompatible materials

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), acids (e.g. nitric acid), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide), alcohols, amines, heat and ignition sources. Reacts with water or moisture, generating carbon dioxide, which may cause container rupture.

# ChemAlert.

## 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

May evolve toxic gases (carbon/ nitrogen oxides, isocyanates, cyanides, hydrocarbons) when heated to decomposition.

# 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Toxic if inhaled. Acute exposure may result in nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, diarrhoea, dizziness and drowsiness.

## Information available for the ingredients:

Ingredient		Oral LD50	Dermal LD50	Inhalation LC50
DIPHENYLMETHANE	DIISOCYANATE (MDI)	2200 mg/kg (mouse)		178 mg/m³ (rat)
Skin	Causes skin irritation. Conta	ct may result in irritation, re	dness, pain and rash.	
Eye	Causes serious eye irritation	. Contact may result in irrita	ition, lacrimation, pain and r	edness.
Sensitisation	May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties inhaled. Exposure to low concentrations of isocyanates may cause asthma-like symptoms, includir tightness of the chest, coughing, wheezing and shortness of breath.			
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.			
Carcinogenicity	Suspected of causing cancer.			
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.			
STOT - single exposure	Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing, nausea, dizziness and headache. High level exposure may result in breathing difficulties and unconsciousness.			
STOT - repeated exposure	Repeated exposure may damage the respiratory system resulting in irritation of the respiratory tract and lung tissue damage.			
Aspiration	Not classified as causing asp	piration.		

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

#### 12.1 Toxicity

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Biodegradable.

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No bioaccumulation potential.

## 12.4 Mobility in soil

Readily absorbed into soil.

#### 12.5 Other adverse effects

Avoid contamination of drains and waterways.

# 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

## 13.1 Waste treatment methods

- **Waste disposal** Mix components together (small amounts), absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Ensure protective equipment is worn when mixing. Do not seal containers/tins until reaction is complete. Contact the manufacturer/supplier for additional information (if required). Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as environmental damage may result.
- Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

## **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE





	LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	3381	3381	3381
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate )	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate )	TOXIC BY INHALATION LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains diphenylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate )
14.3 Transport hazard class	6.1	6.1	6.1
14.4 Packing Group		III	III

## 14.5 Environmental hazards

Not a Marine Pollutant.

## 14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code 2XE

EmS F-A, S-A

# **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Poison schedule** Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Classifications** Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

#### Inventory listings AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

# **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Additional information

ISOCYANATES: Asthma sufferers, respiratory impaired or previously sensitised individuals are advised to avoid all exposure to isocyanates. Please note that products containing isocyanates often require the preparation of safe working procedures before product is used.

WELDING - SANDING - CUTTING DRIED OR CURED PRODUCT: If sanding, cutting or welding dried or cured product, adverse health effects may be avoided by the use of appropriate engineering controls and/or personal protective equipment. If welding, wear a Class P2 (Metal fume) respirator and depending on the nature of the surface being welded, additional protection (e.g. for organic vapours/acid gas) may also be required. A Class P1 (Particulate) respirator is recommended if dust is generated.

EPOXY - PHENOXY RESINS AND POLYURETHANES: Where spray painting with two or more component epoxy resins or polyurethane paints is undertaken, an employee shall wear a full face air-line respirator, full length chemically resistant coveralls and gloves. Further, if an individual is to enter an enclosed booth where a vapour or gas curing process is occurring, an air-line respirator is required. Once cured, these resins are considered non toxic.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.



HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists				
	CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds				
	CNS	Central Nervous System				
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number				
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)				
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System				
	GTEPG	Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide				
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer				
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration				
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose				
	mg/m³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre				
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit				
	рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).				
	ppm	Parts Per Million				
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit				
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)				
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)				
	SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons				
	SWA	Safe Work Australia				
		Threshold Limit Value				
	TWA	Time Weighted Average				
Report status	This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').					
	manufacturer the current st at the time c	on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the r, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent tate of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained the manufacturer, importer or supplier.				
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